1

2

3

5

67

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

26

THE HONORABLE ROBERT S. LASNIK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

MARY CHANDLER AND MICHAEL CHANDLER, husband and wife,

Plaintiffs.

v.

GREENSTONE LTD., et al.

Defendants.

Case No. 04-1300RSL

PLAINTIFFS' REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS IN LIMINE NOS. 13 AND 14, REGARDING IRRELEVANT RISK FACTORS OF "CAUSES" OF BREAST CANCER, AND FAMILY HISTORY.

Motion No. 13: Irrelevant Risk Factors or "Causes" of Breast Cancer

Defendants want to ask the jury to speculate about other causes of plaintiff's breast cancer, but not one of their experts has expressed the opinion that other risk factors played any role whatsoever in the development of plaintiff's breast cancer. Defendants have designated four experts on case specific causation. One of them, Dr. Sickles, a radiologist, offers no causation opinion at all. The other three all state in their reports that no one knows the cause of any breast cancers.

Dr Lowell Rogers, a pathologist, opines: "there is no generally accepted way to determine the cause or causes of most breast cancers. . . . There is too much we do not know

1

PLS' REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MIL NOS. 13 AND 14
No. 04-1300RSL

LAW OFFICES OF
WILLIAMS LOVE O'LEARY & POWERS, P.C.
9755 SW Barnes Rd., #450
Portland, Oregon 97225-6681
503/295-2924
503/295-3720 (facsimile)

about this heterogeneous and multi-factorial disease."1

Dr Barbara Levy, an ObGyn, states: "It is impossible to determine whether or to what extent any of these risk factors, or other unidentified risk factors, played a role in the development or progression of Ms Chandler's breast cancer."²

Dr Lisa Bailey, a surgeon, likewise asserts: "there is no generally accepted methodology that can be used to determine the cause of breast cancer in an individual woman." In her deposition, Dr. Bailey also admitted there was no way for her to say that any risk factor or combination of risk factors were causal:

- Q. I take it what you're telling me is that there is nothing in the medical records that you could imagine that could change your mind? I mean is there anything that you could look for to find, in a set of medical records in a woman with breast cancer who has taken hormone replacement therapy, that would make it probable that the hormone replacement therapy had contributed to the growth of that cancer?
- A. Well, we have -- we have no way of knowing in any individual patient what exactly contributed to the breast cancer because we don't know all the potential causes of a breast cancer.

 I do review the records in detail, as I do for any of my patients, to look at their history and their physical exam and what type of cancer and all of their different risk factors.
- Q. So what would you look for if you were trying to find evidence that hormone replacement therapy had contributed to the growth of a woman's breast cancer?

MS. HAMADA: Object to form.

¹ Ex. 01, Rogers Report at page 2.

² Ex. 02, Levy Report at page 4.

³ Ex 03, Bailey Report at page 2.

THE WITNESS: There isn't any particular type of breast cancer or form that it takes that would tell anybody whether any particular risk factor contributed to a woman's breast cancer.⁴

Defendants simply have no factual basis for these opinions. Under Washington law, "[e]xpert testimony is required to establish causation when an injury involves obscure medical factors that would require an ordinary lay person to speculate or conjecture in making a finding. Bruns v. PACCAR, 77 Wash. App. 201, 214-15, 890 P.2d 469, 477 (1995). Less certain evidence such as "might, could or possibly," is not helpful to the jury because it is speculative. Id., 77 Wash. App. At 215, 890 P.2d at 477. Moreover, Rule 702 and Daubert hold that the proponent of scientific evidence bears the burden of establishing that the evidence rests on a valid foundation. Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharms., Inc., ("Daubert II") 43 F.3d, 1311, 1316 (9th Cir. 1995). Without expert testimony, evidence "other possible causes" is irrelevant, speculative and unreliable.

Motion No. 14: Family History of Unrelated Cancers

Defendants also want to ask the jury to speculate about one potential other "cause" of plaintiff's breast cancer. Specifically, they will point to Mrs. Chandler's remote and vague family history concerning the possible, but unconfirmed "abdominal" cancer of her mother. Plaintiffs' Reply in Support of Motion *in Limine* No. 13 above spells out the admissions of all defendants' experts that no cause of Ms. Chandler's breast cancer is known or even could be known, which of course, includes this family history evidence.

Indeed, Dr Levy explicitly includes "remote family history" among the other risk factors about which she admits: "It is impossible to determine whether or to what extent any of these risk factors, or other unidentified risk factors, played a role in the development or progression of Ms Chandler's breast cancer."⁵

⁴ Ex 04, Bailey Deposition Tr. 8:2-9:2 (July 5, 2011)

⁵ Ex 02, Levy Report at page 4.

Case 2:04-cv-01300-RSL Document 153 Filed 09/20/11 Page 4 of 5

1	There is no foundation for defendants' claims. This evidence is precisely the type of		
2	speculative junk science Daubert intended to exclude.		
3	Dated: September 20, 2011.		
4	Respectfully submitted,		
5	By: s/Michael L. Williams Michael L. Williams, OSB No. 784260		
6	Leslie W. O'Leary, OSB No. 990908		
7	WILLIAMS LOVE O'LEARY & POWERS, P.C. 9755 SW Barnes Road, Suite 450		
8	Portland, OR 97225-6681 Telephone: (503) 295-2924 Facsimile: (503) 295-3720		
9	Email: mwilliams@wdolaw.com loleary@wdolaw.com		
10			
11	By: s/ Lance Palmer Lance Palmer, WSBA 18141		
12	Kraft Palmer Davies PLLC 1001 4 th Ave, Suite 4131		
13	Seattle, WA 98154 Telephone: (206) 624-8844		
14	Fax: (206) 624-2912 Email: lep@admiralty.com		
15	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
- 1			

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	I hereby certify that on this 20th of September, 2011, a copy of the foregoing document		
3	was served according to this Court's provision for service as set forth in the pretrial orders via		
4	ECF notification:		
5	Darolyn Yoshie Hamada, Esq.	Adrienne D. Gonzalez, Esq.	
6	dhamada@shb.com Shooke Hardy & Bacon	agonzalez@kayescholer.com Kaye Scholer (NY)	
7	5 Park Plaza Suite 1600 Irvine, CA 92614-2546	425 Park Ave. New York, NY 10022	
8	Julie Belezzuoli, Esq. julie.belezzuoli@kayescholer.com	Wendy S. Dowse, Esq. wdowse@kayescholer.com	
9	Kaye Scholer	Andrew K. Solow	
10	1999 Avenue of the Stars Suite 1700 Los Angeles, CA 90067-6048	asolow@kayescholer.com Kaye Scholer LLP	
11	Kathy A. Cochran	425 Park Avenue New York, NY 10022-3598	
12	Cochran@wscd.com Wilson Smith Cochran Dickerson	Heidi K. Hubbard, Esq.	
13	901 Fifth Ave., Suite 1700	hhubbard@wc.com Williams & Connolly LLP	
14	Seattle, WA 98164	725 Twelfth St NW Washington, DC 20005-5901	
15	Pamela Yates, Esq. pyates@kayescholer.com	C ,	
16	Kaye Scholer LLP 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1700	Attorney for defendants	
17	Los Angeles, CA 90067-6048		
18	Attorneys for Defendants		
	Pyr /s/ Michael I. Williams		
19	By: /s/ Michael L. Williams Michael L. Williams, OSB No. 784260		
20	Leslie W. O'Leary, OSB No. 990908 WILLIAMS LOVE O'LEARY & POWERS, P.C.		
21	9755 SW Barnes Road, Suite 450 Portland, OR 97225-6681		
22	Telephone: (503) 295-2924 Facsimile: (503) 295-3720		
23	Email: mwilliams@wdolaw.com loleary@wdolaw.com		
24			
25			
26			